


Australia, Boambee and Boambee Public School



A light blue map of Australia is centered in the background of the slide. The map shows the outline of the continent, including Tasmania at the bottom. The text and list are overlaid on the map.

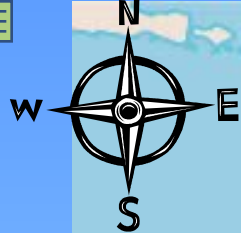
Today we will take you on a quick trip around Australia and we hope you will begin to understand;

- The size of Australia
- The various climates of Australia
- The different environments that the people, animals and plants live in.
- The difference between our coastal and inland environments.
- The floral emblems of Australia and each state and territory.

Australia is a large country, which has the mainland, the island of Tasmania and more than 12 000 smaller islands scattered around the coast of Australia. It is the world's sixth-largest country by total area. Australia has a continuous coastline of around 30,000kms.



The total area of Australia is 7,692,000 km²



AUSTRALIA

The oceans and seas surrounding Australia

Indian Ocean
Timor Sea
Arafura Sea
Gulf of Carpentaria

Coral Sea
Tasman Sea
Bass Strait
Great Australian Bight

Great Australian Bight

Bass Strait

Tasman Sea

*INDIAN
OCEAN*

Timor Sea

Arafura Sea

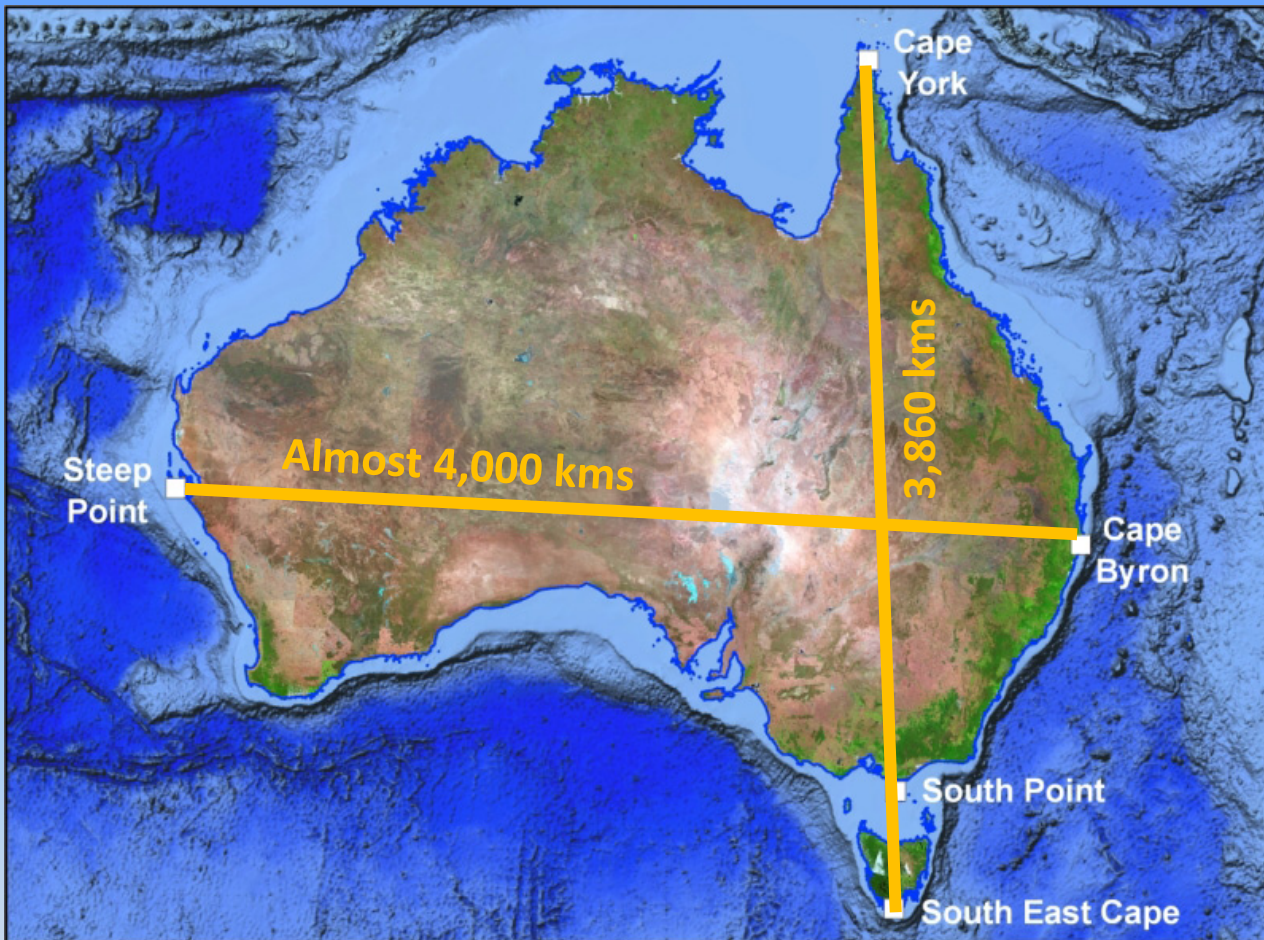
*Gulf of
Carpentaria*

Coral Sea

COMPARE AUSTRALIA AND SOUTH KOREA IN SIZE



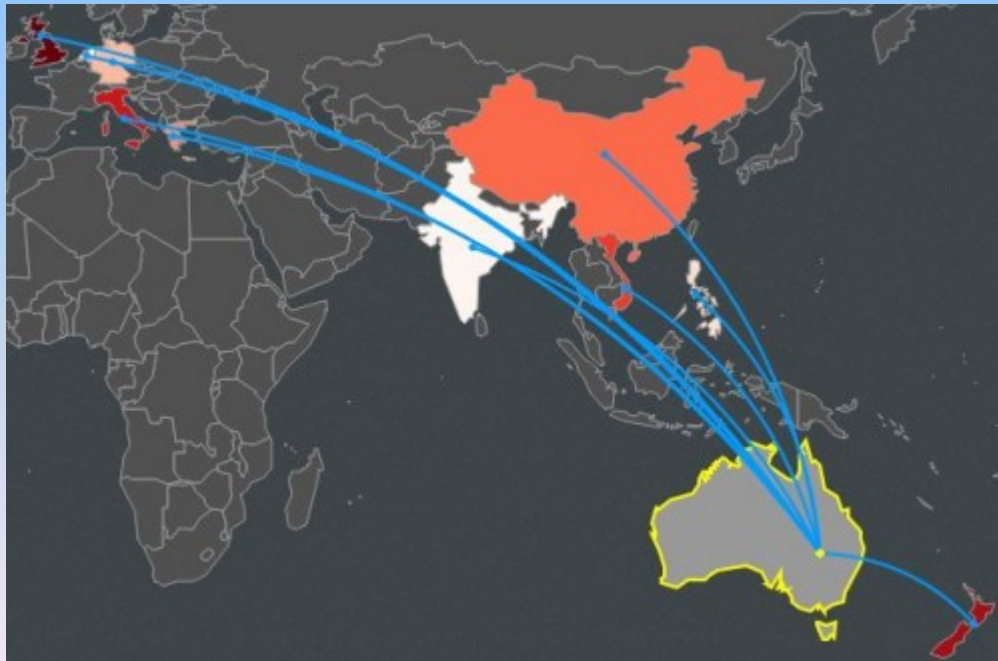
South Korea is
a lot smaller in
size than
Australia.



Australia is approximately 3860 kilometres long from its most northerly point to its most southerly point in Tasmania, and is almost 4000 kilometres wide, from east to west.

Population

The Population of Australia is close to 23,000,000, with most people living on the east coast of Australia and in the capital cities of each state and territory.



Over 80 percent of Australia's population is of European ancestry, and most of the rest are of Asian and Middle Eastern heritage. There is a smaller minority of Australia Aboriginal people.



Tropic of Capricorn

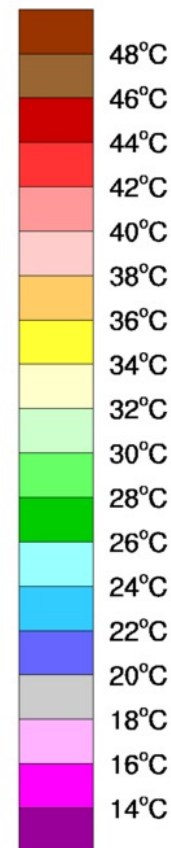
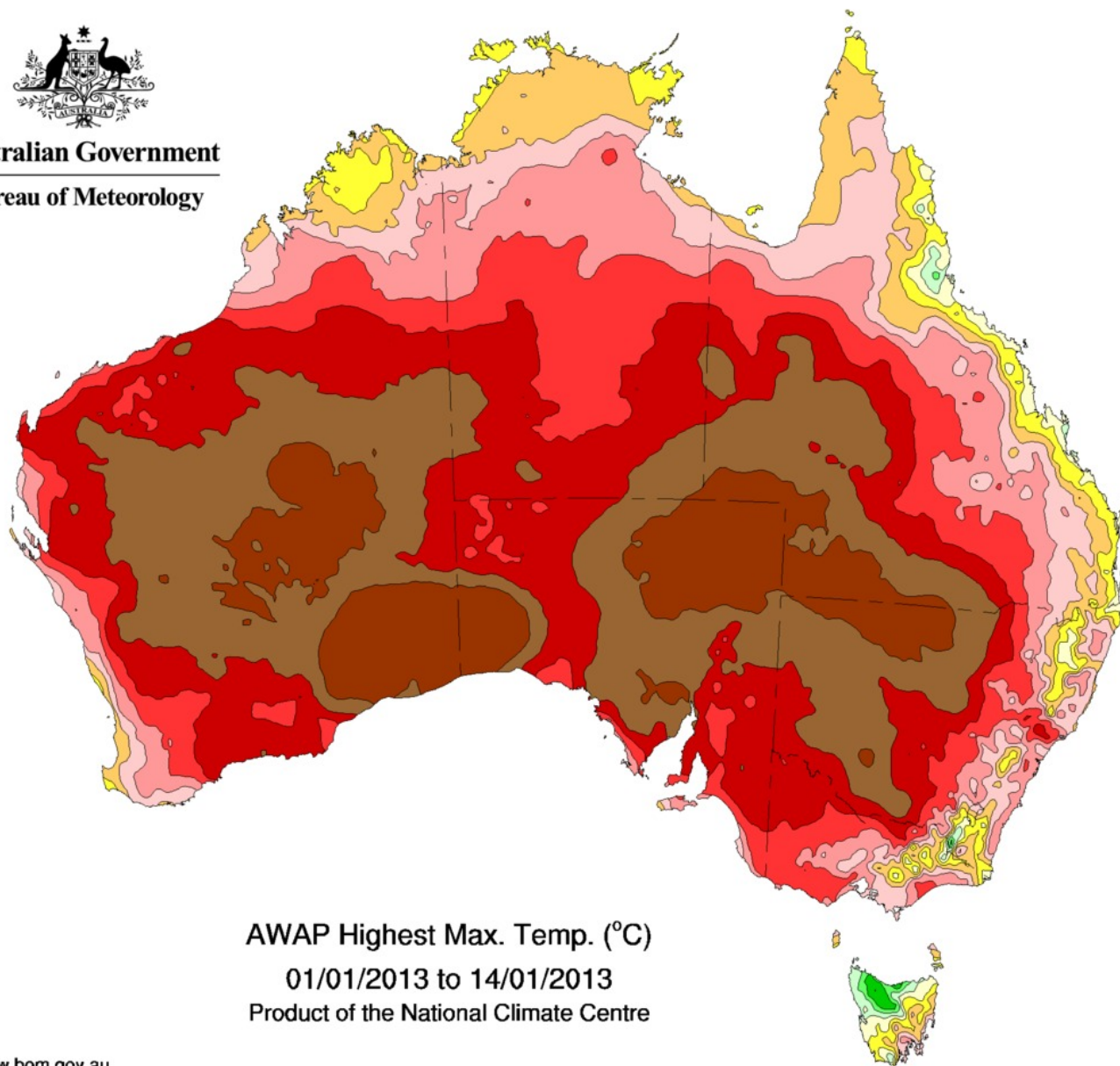


The tropic of Capricorn passes through Australia , this means that northern Australia is in the tropics and the climate is hot all year.



Australian Government

Bureau of Meteorology



AWAP Highest Max. Temp. (°C)

01/01/2013 to 14/01/2013

Product of the National Climate Centre

<http://www.bom.gov.au>

Climate zones based on temperature and humidity



COMMONWEALTH
BUREAU OF METEOROLOGY

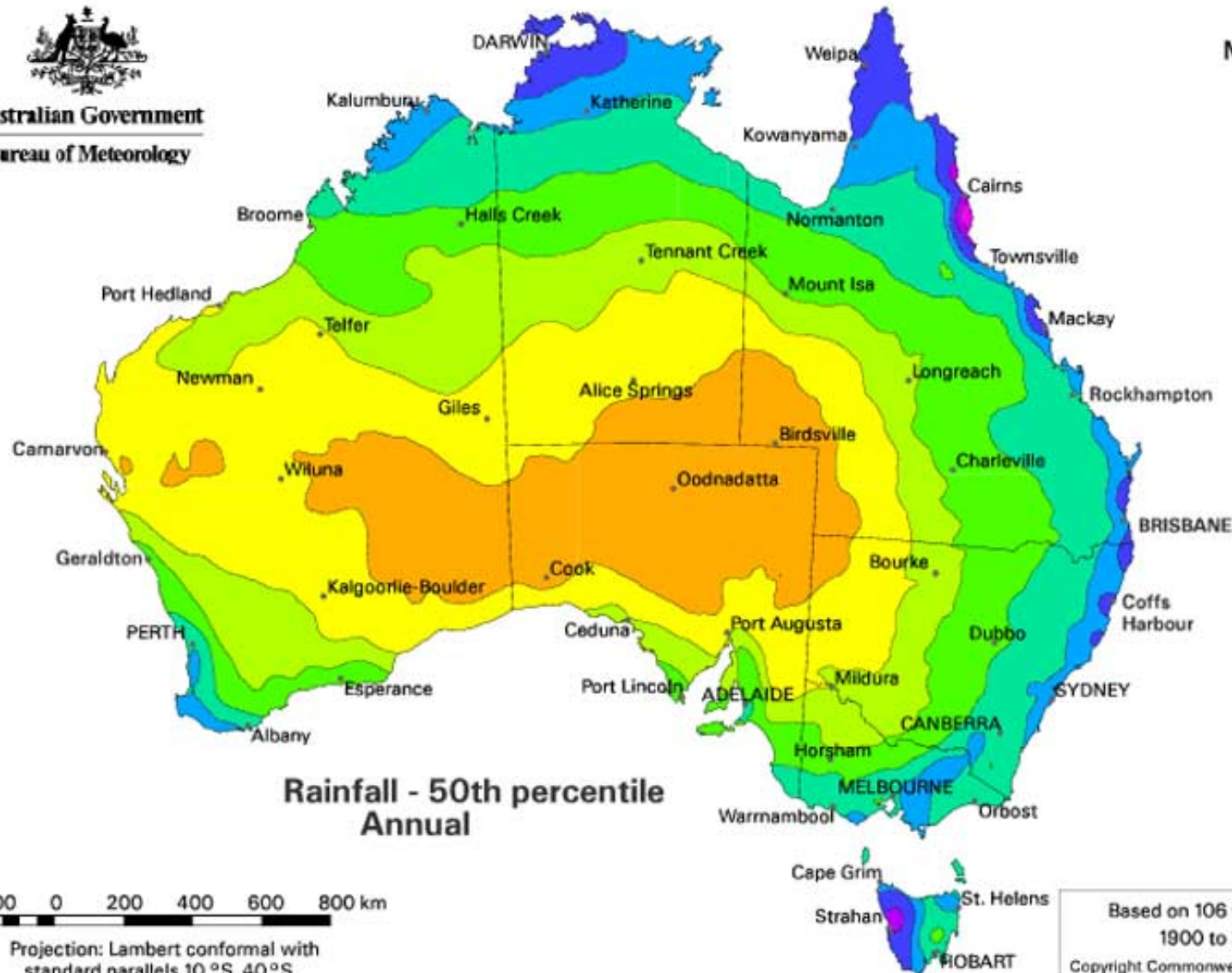
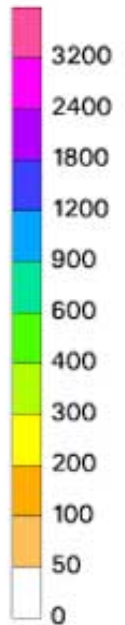


Coffs
Harbour and
Boambee
have a sub
tropical
climate with
a warm
humid
summer.



Australian Government
Bureau of Meteorology

Millimetres



Rainfall - 50th percentile
Annual

Based on 106 years of data
1900 to 2005

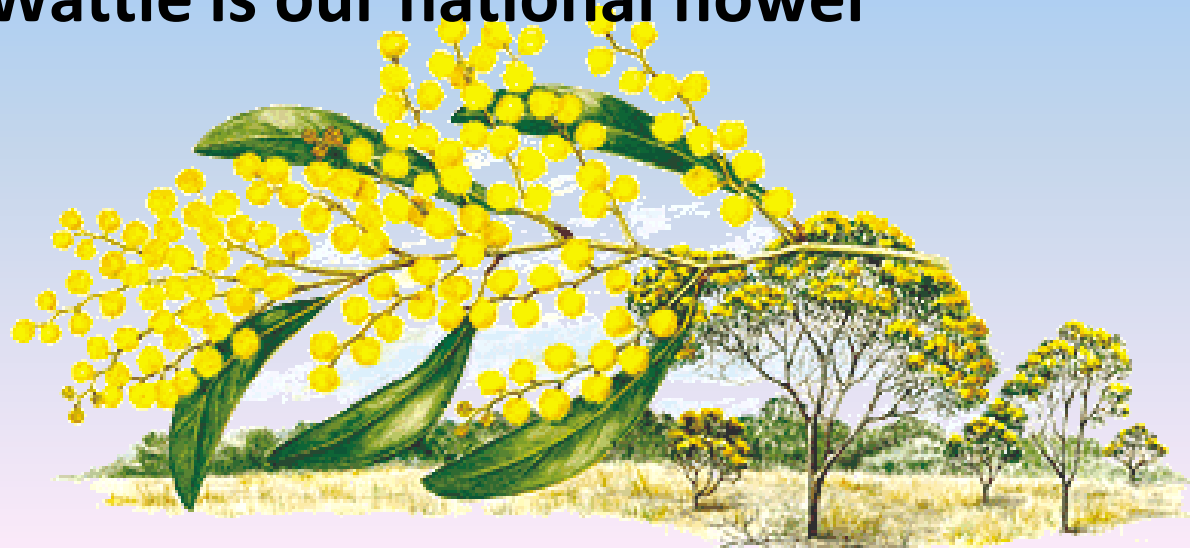
Copyright Commonwealth of Australia 2007

This map shows the annual rainfall across Australia. As you can see most of the rain falls in the east and northern tropics. The centre of Australia is mainly desert.

The coat of arms of Australia

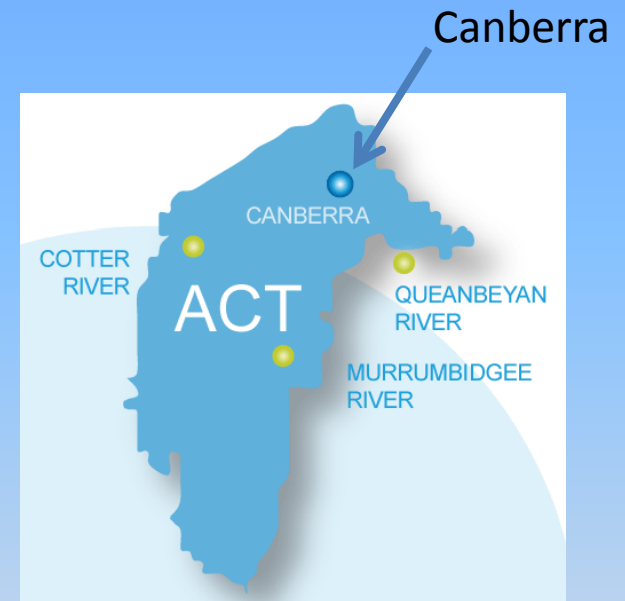


Golden Wattle is our national flower



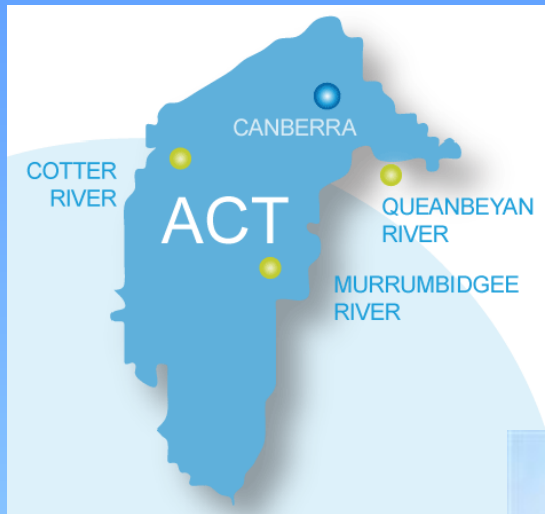
Australian Capital Territory

ACT



The site of Canberra was selected for the location of the nation's capital in 1908 as a compromise between rivals Sydney and Melbourne, Australia's two largest cities.

The city is located at the northern end of the Australian Capital Territory (ACT), 280 km south-west of Sydney, and 660 km north-east of Melbourne.

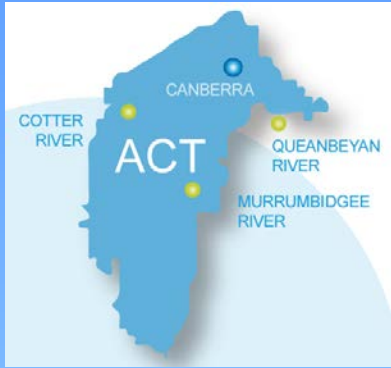


As the capital of Australia our Federal Government is located in Canberra.

We travelled over 800kms to Canberra last year on a school excursion. We visited Parliament House (below) while we were there.

Parliament House



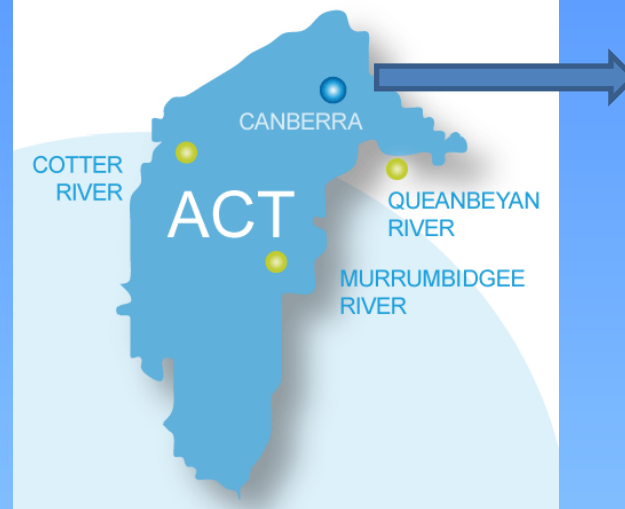


The floral emblem of the Australian Capital Territory is the Royal Bluebell.

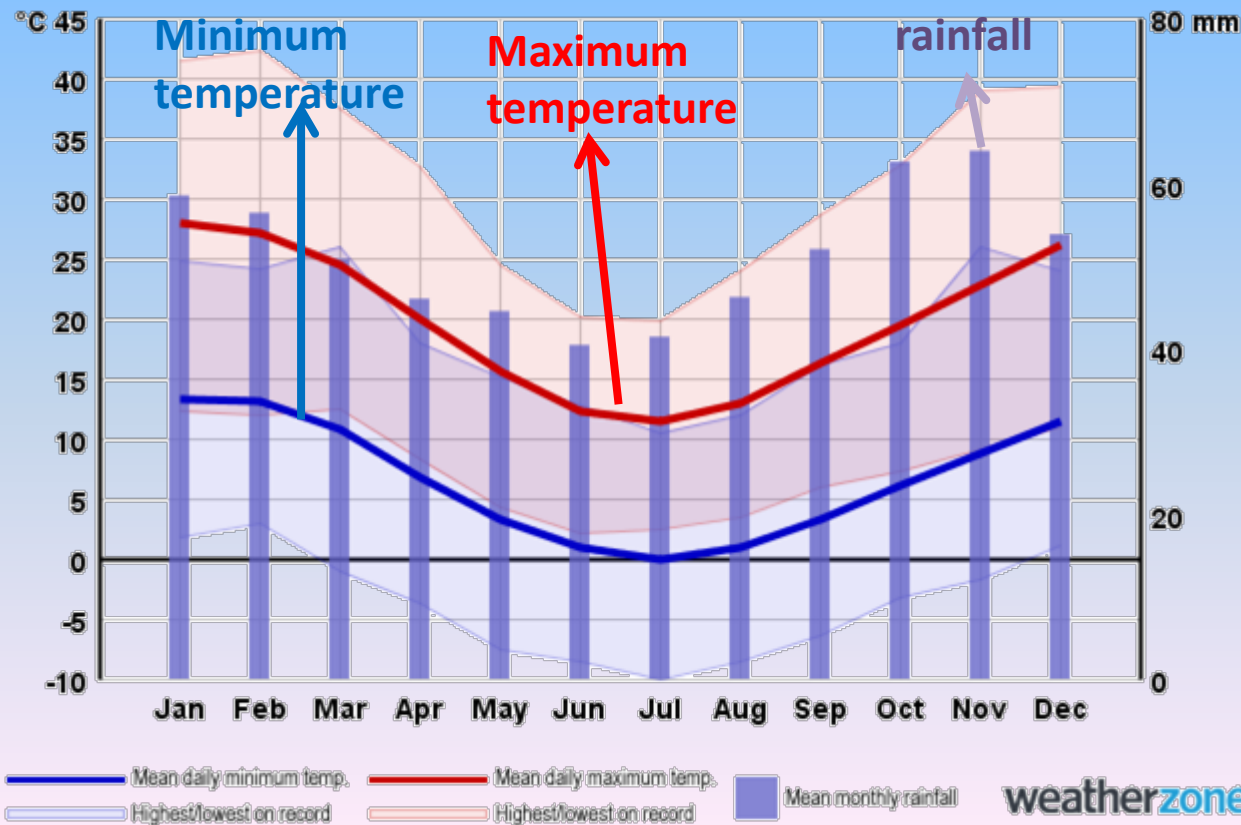


Canberra is the capital of Australia

Population of Canberra & ACT - 419,000



CANBERRA AIRPORT COMPARISON



Canberra has a mild warm summer and a cold winter with temperatures dropping to zero in July. The rainfall is less during the winter months with an increase in rain during Spring.

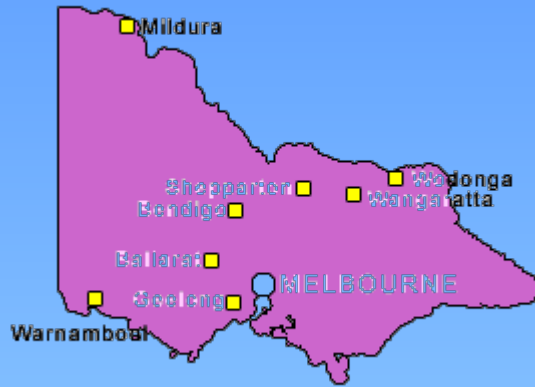
Victoria

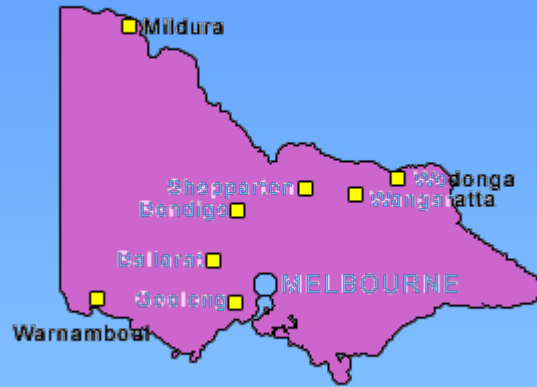


Victoria is the smallest of the mainland States (227,000 km²).



Victoria is well known for farming. It has famous surfing beaches, winter snow skiing and many people enjoy visiting its forests and national parks.





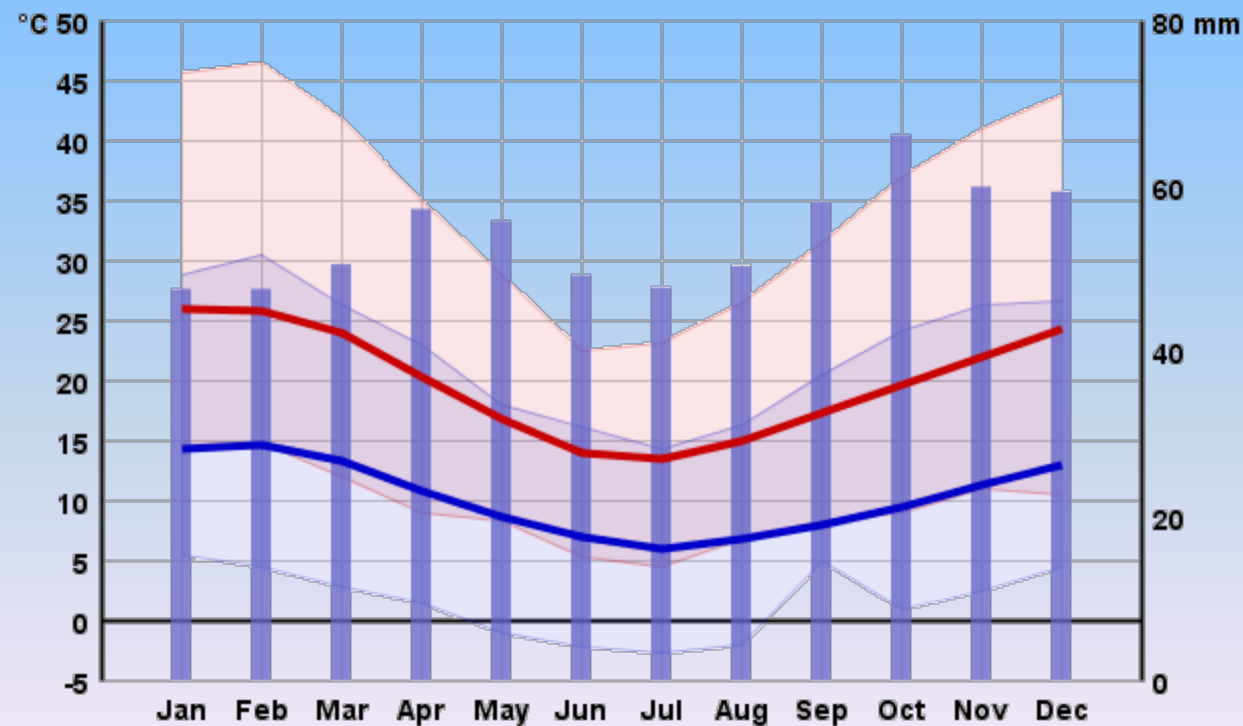
The floral emblem of Victoria
is the Common Pink Heath.





The population of Melbourne is
4,170,000

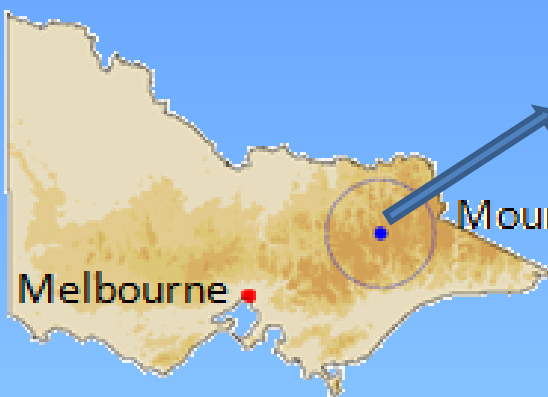
MELBOURNE REGIONAL OFFICE



Melbourne has a warm summer and cool winter. The daily weather can change rapidly and it is often said, “Melbourne can experience four seasons in one day”. Rainfall varies between about 50mm – 70mm each month, with most rain falling in Spring.

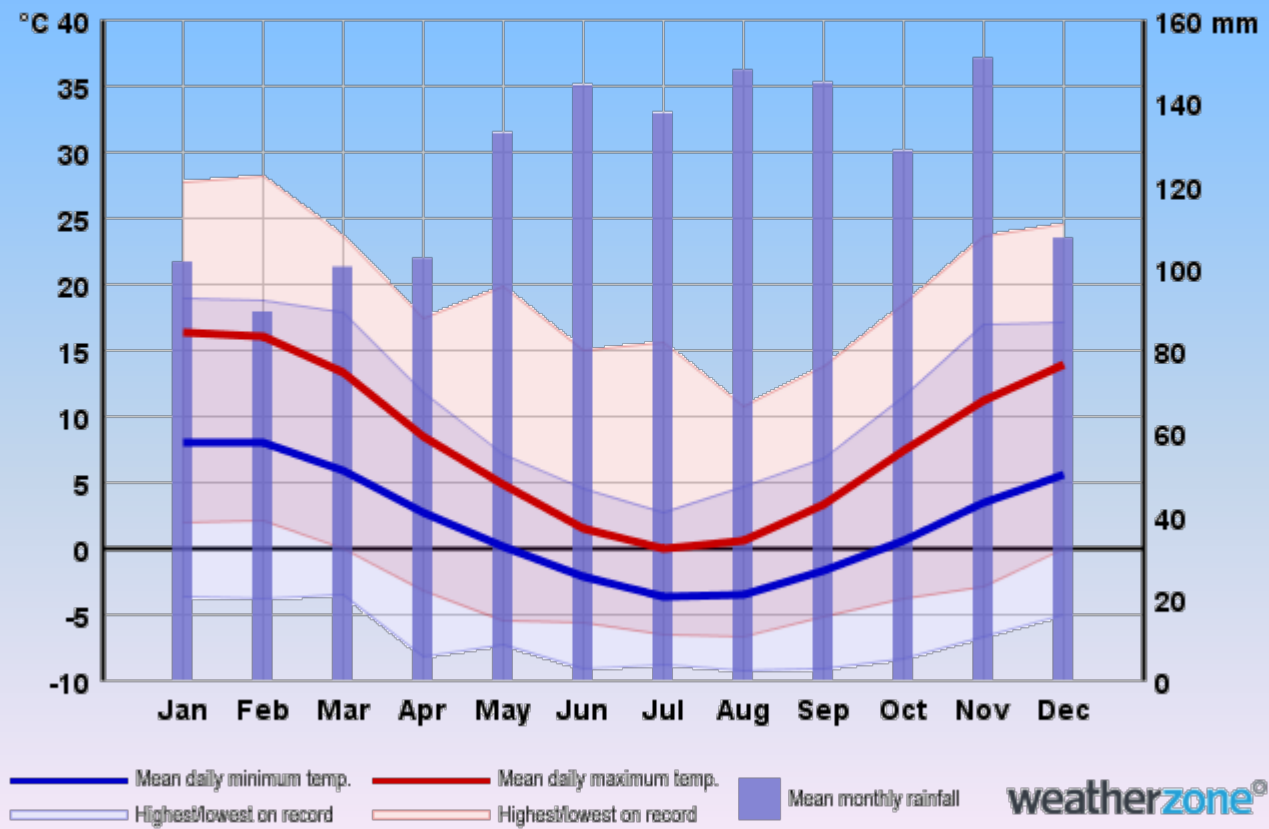
— Mean daily minimum temp. — Mean daily maximum temp. ■ Mean monthly rainfall
 — Highest/lowest on record — Highest/lowest on record

weatherzone®



Mount Hotham is part of the Great Dividing Range and it gets cold enough to snow each winter.

MOUNT HOTHAM



Tasmania



The island of Tasmania is often referred to as the 'Natural State', owing to its relatively unspoilt and natural environment. Forty percent of Tasmania's land area is formally in National Parks, reserves and World Heritage Sites. Tasmania is separated from the mainland by Bass Strait.



Tasmania is known for its very tall trees in the forests. There are also wind farms on the rugged Western Coast as it is very windy there. The seas and oceans surrounding Tasmania are very cold all year because the Southern Ocean currents send cold water from the Antarctic region into the area.





Tasmania's floral emblem is the Tasmanian Blue Gum.



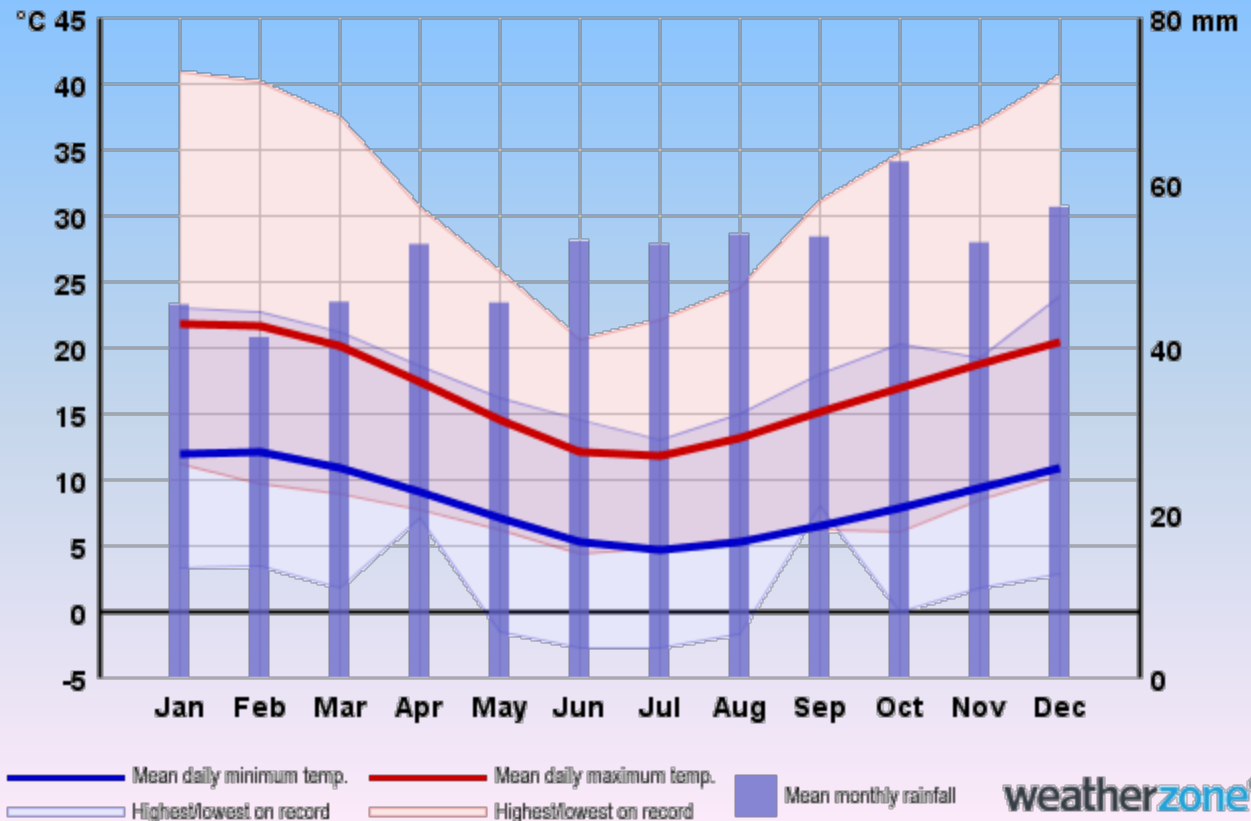
27 metres tall



The population of Hobart is 217,000

HOBART (ELLERSLIE ROAD)

The rainfall is fairly consistent throughout the year in Hobart, Tasmania. The top temperatures are very mild reaching about 23°C. Tasmania is close to the 40° Latitude and it does get very windy due to winds called, “The Roaring Forties”.

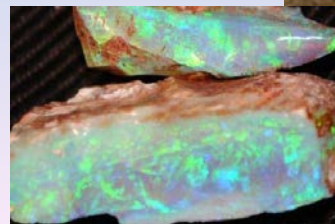
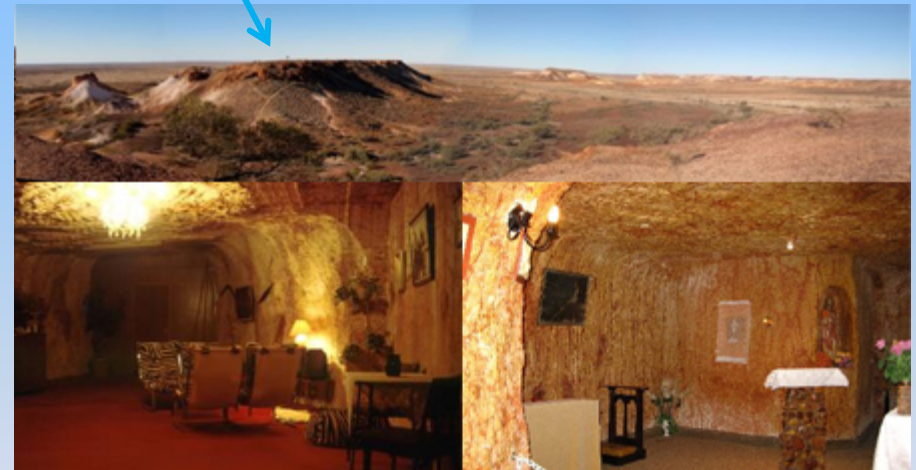


South Australia



South Australia covers some of the most arid parts of the continent. It spreads across 983 000 km². It is bordered by the Northern Territory, Queensland, New South Wales and Victoria and Western Australia.

South Australia is well known as a farming and wine growing area, but once you move away from the coast and major river system there is desert.



People opal mine at Cober Pedy. It is so hot there that many people live underground.

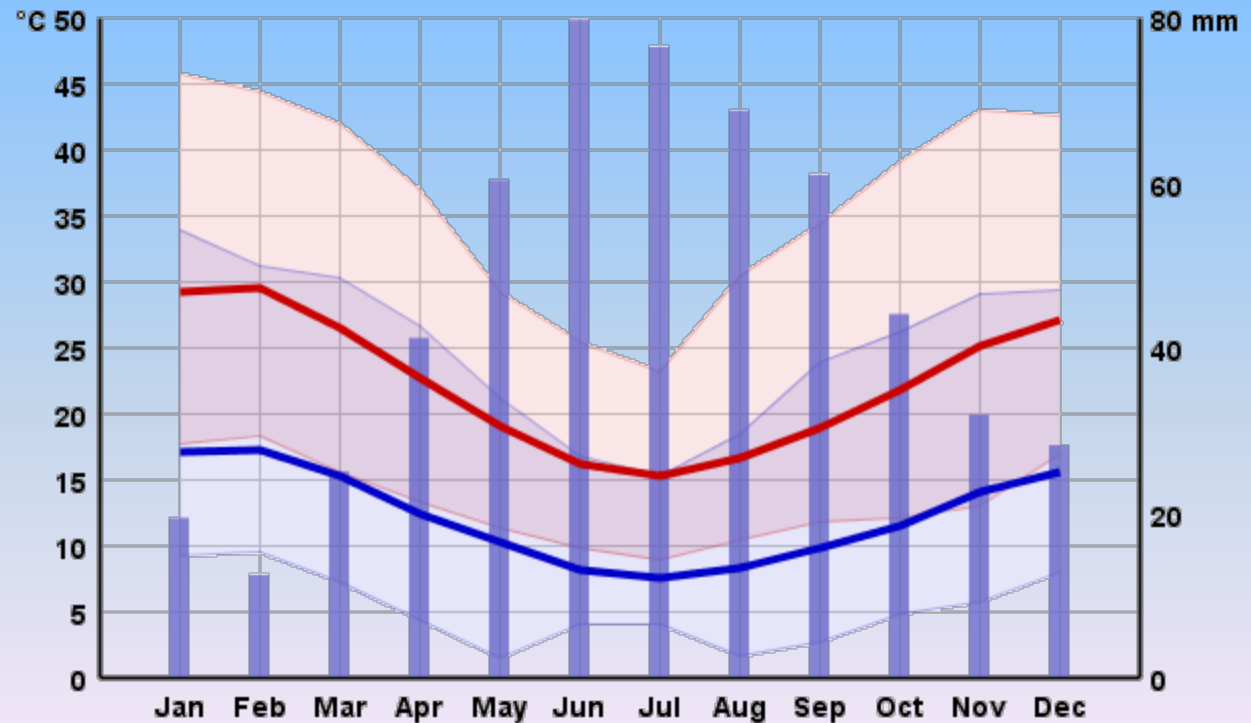


The floral emblem is the Sturt's Desert Pea. It is a small ground spreading plant.





ADELAIDE (KENT TOWN)

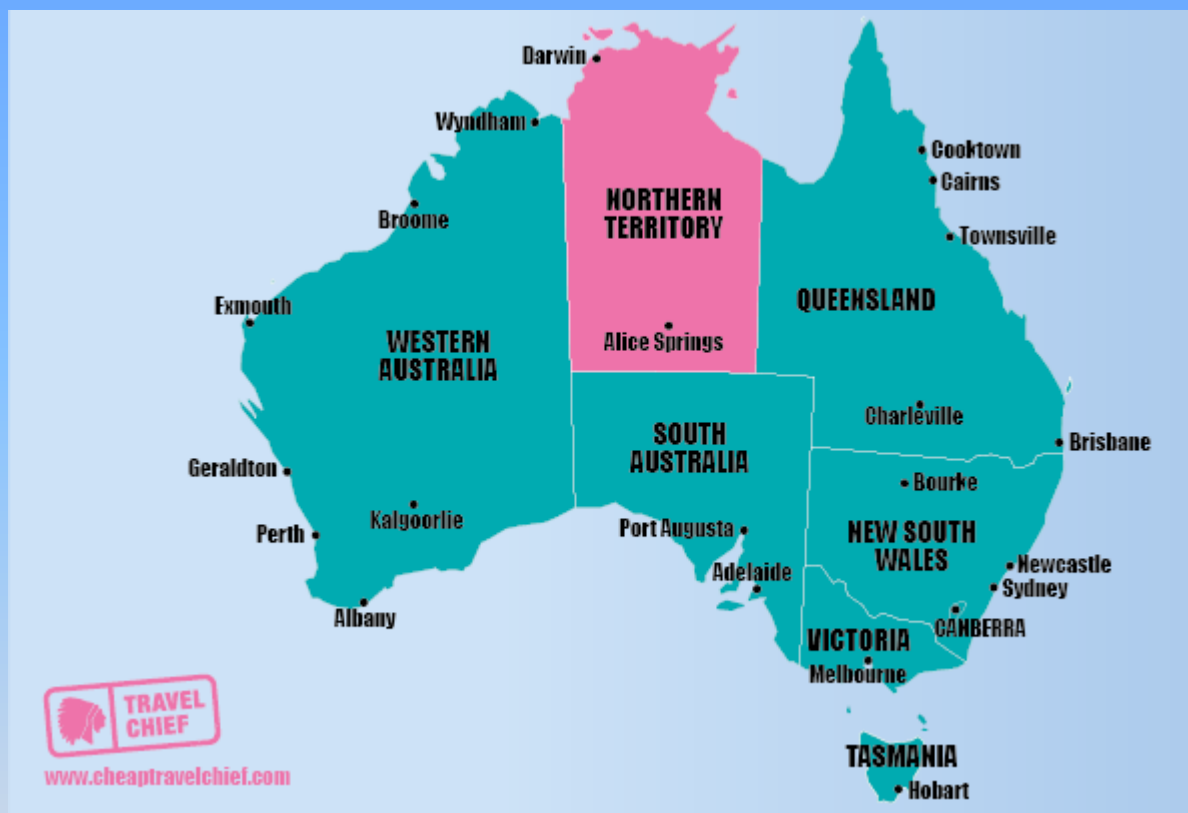


— Mean daily minimum temp. — Mean daily maximum temp. ■ Mean monthly rainfall
 — Highest/lowest on record — Highest/lowest on record

The population of Adelaide is 1,263,000

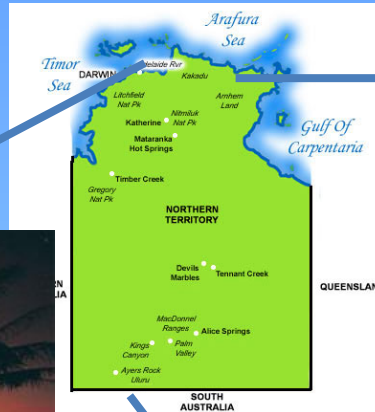
Adelaide receives high levels of winter rain and only a small amount of rain through the hot summer months.

Northern Territory



The total land area of the Northern Territory is 1 349 000 km². It borders Queensland to the east, South Australia to the south and Western Australia to the west.

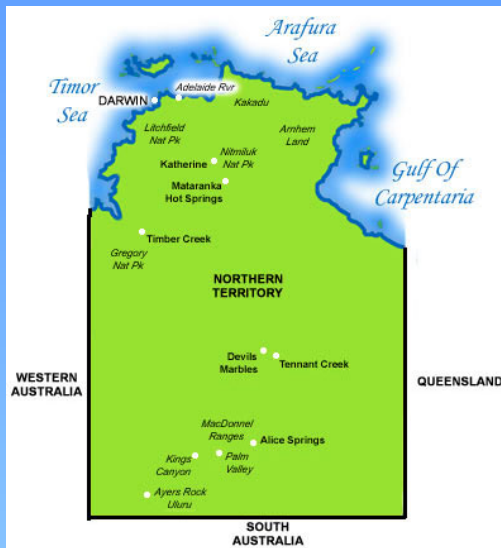
The Northern Territory is well known for its famous tourist destinations.



During the dry season people like to go to the sunset markets and buy their dinner and eat it on the beach. Even though it is hot people don't swim because there are deadly crocodiles and Portuguese Man O' War jellyfish in the water.



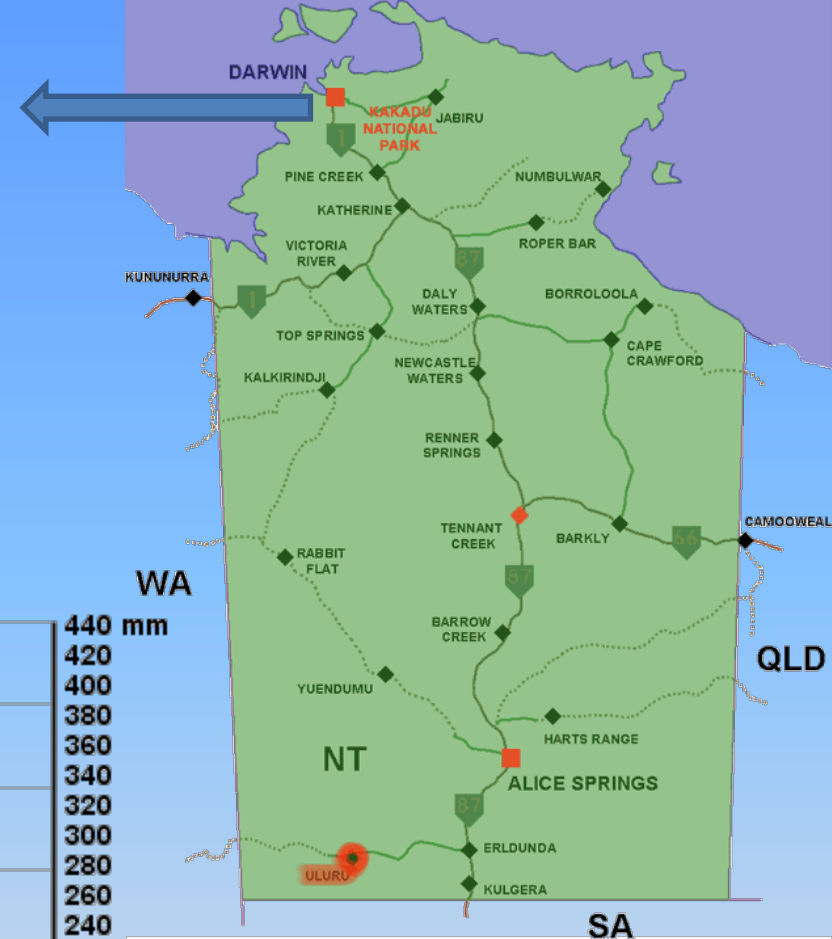
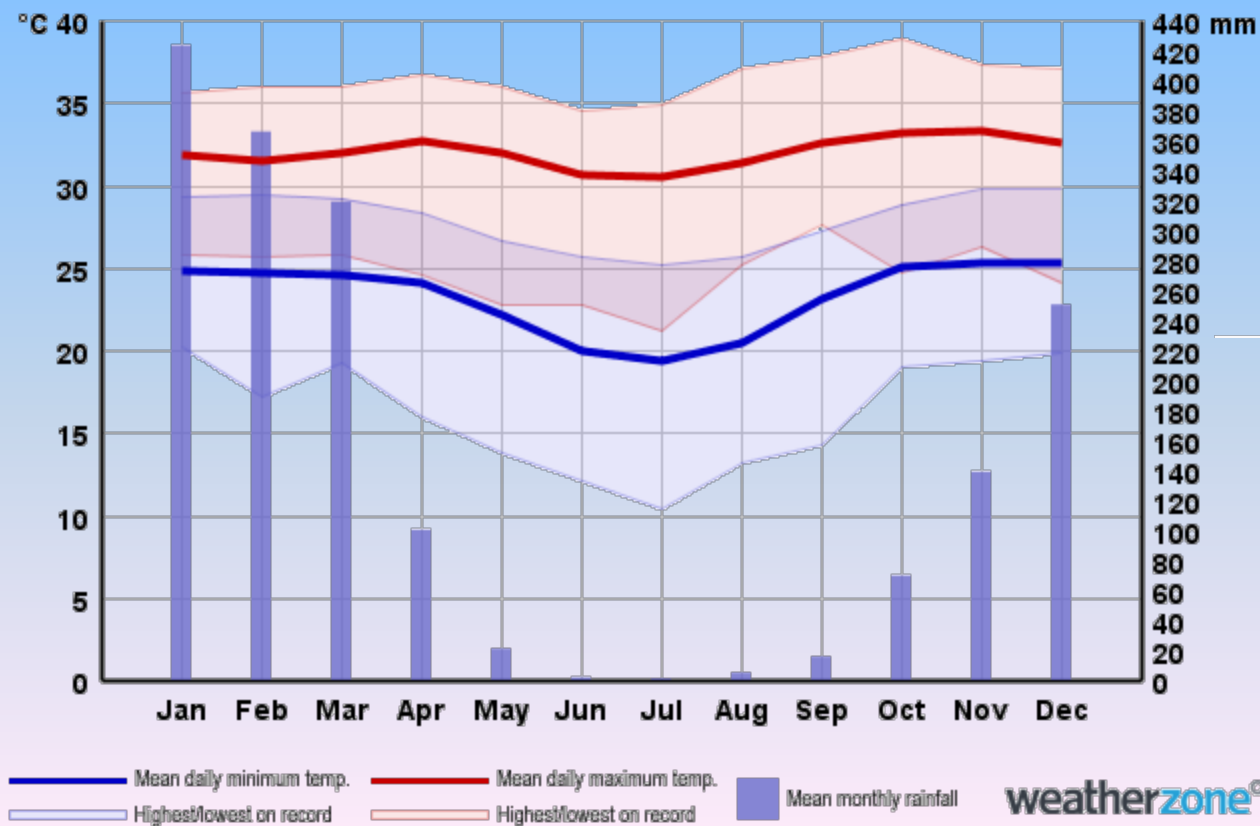
The floral emblem of the Northern Territory is the Sturt's Desert Rose.





The population of Darwin is 130,000

DARWIN AIRPORT

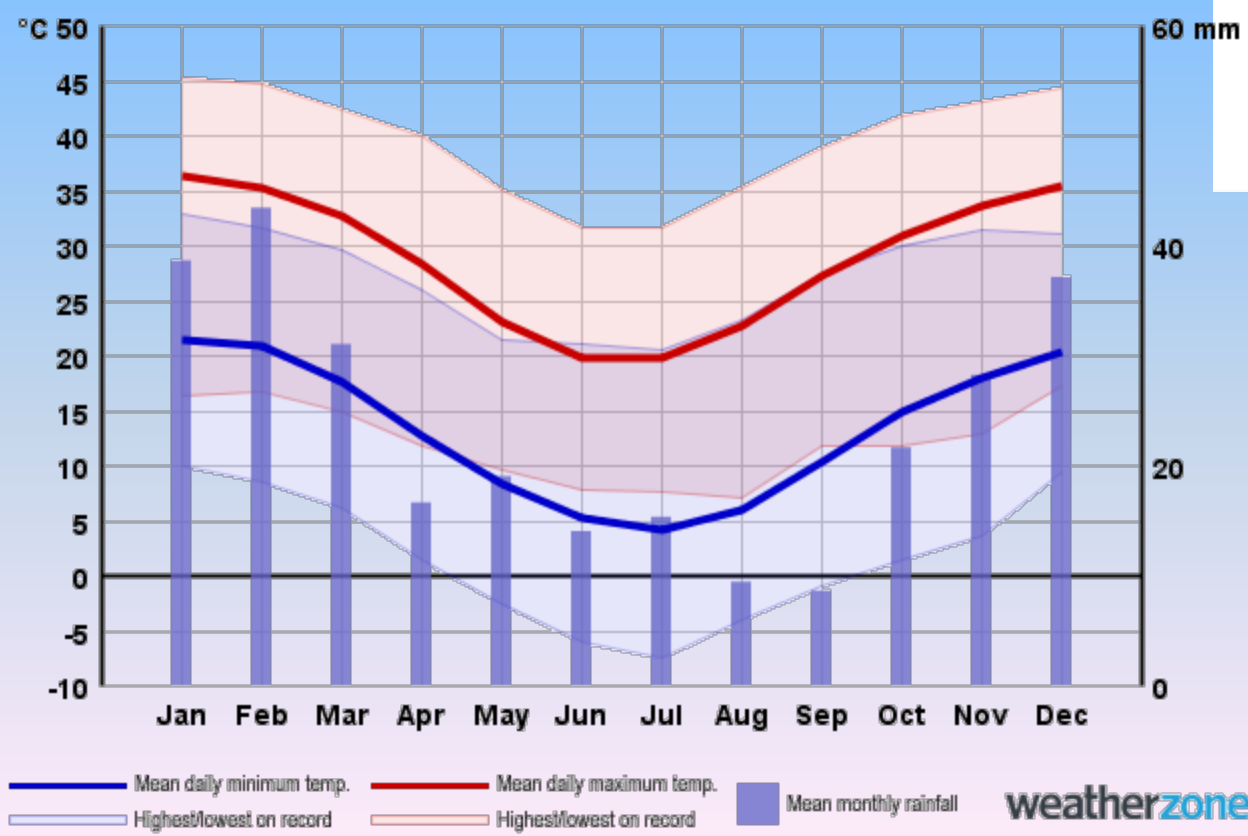


Darwin receives a tropical climate with a distinct wet and dry season. The rainfall is very high during the wet season and then there is little to no rain during the dry season.



The population of Alice Springs is 25,000

ALICE SPRINGS AIRPORT



Alice Springs is also in the Northern Territory, but its climate is different to Darwin. Alice Springs is in desert country and there is significantly less rain with most rain falling during the summer months. During winter the days are mild, but the nights are cold, which is typical of desert climates.

Western Australia

Coastline
length is
over
20,000kms





Western Australia is known for its large deserts with beautiful desert wildflowers in spring. It has a long coastline and vast mineral wealth, which is mined.



WILDFLOWERS
WESTERN AUSTRALIA



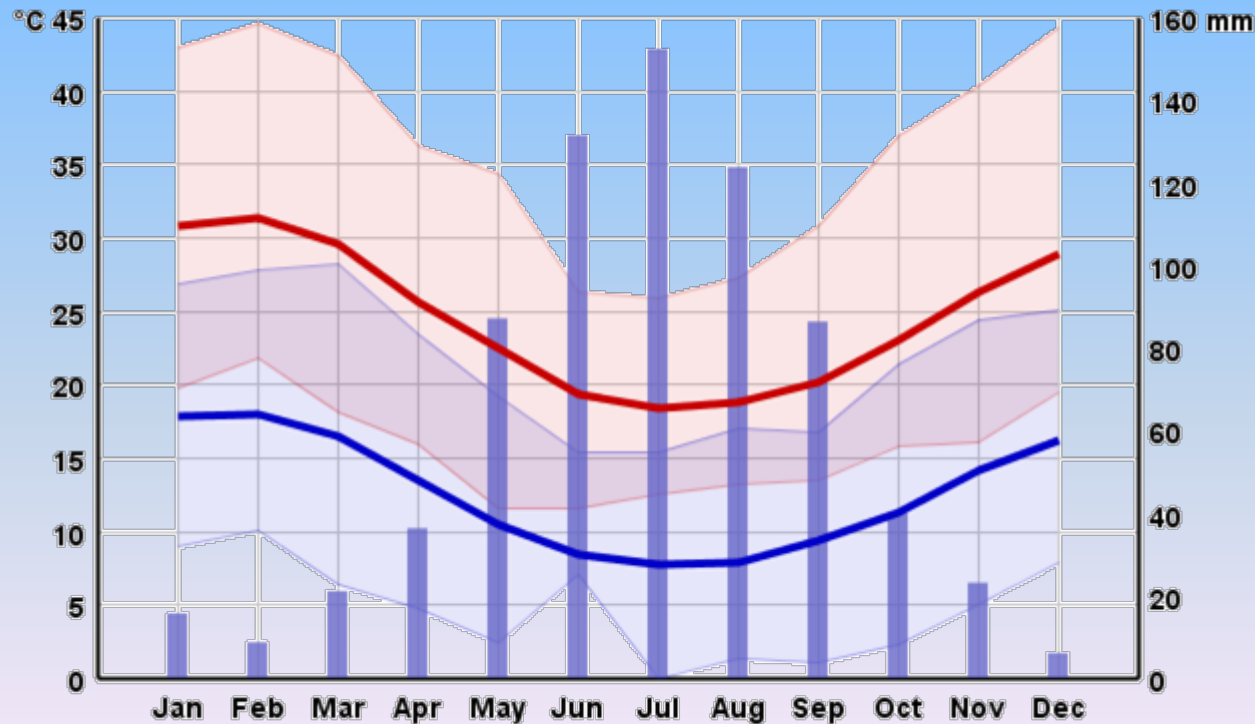
Western Australia's
floral emblem is
called the
Kangaroo Paw



The population
of Perth is
1,833,000



PERTH METRO



Perth has a hot
dry summer
with a cool wet
winter.

Queensland



Queensland is the second largest State of Australia, spreading over 1 731 000 km². Queensland shares a border with New South Wales, South Australia and the Northern Territory.

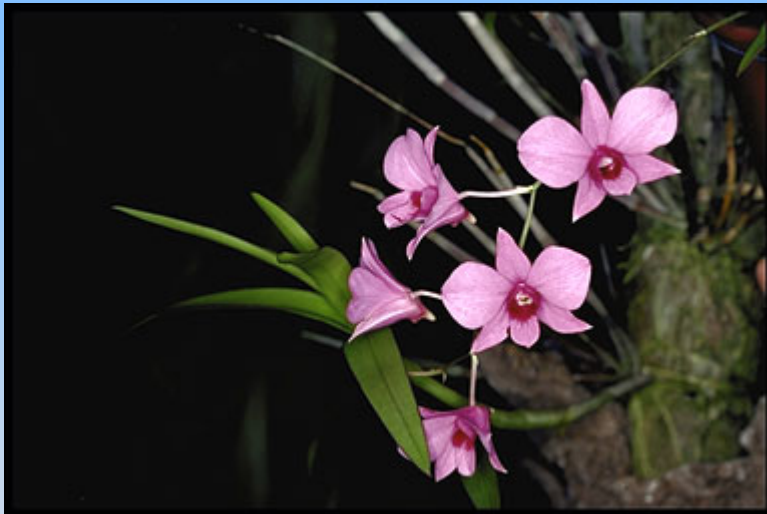


Queensland is known for its farming, mining and tourism.





The floral emblem of Queensland
is the Cooktown Orchid

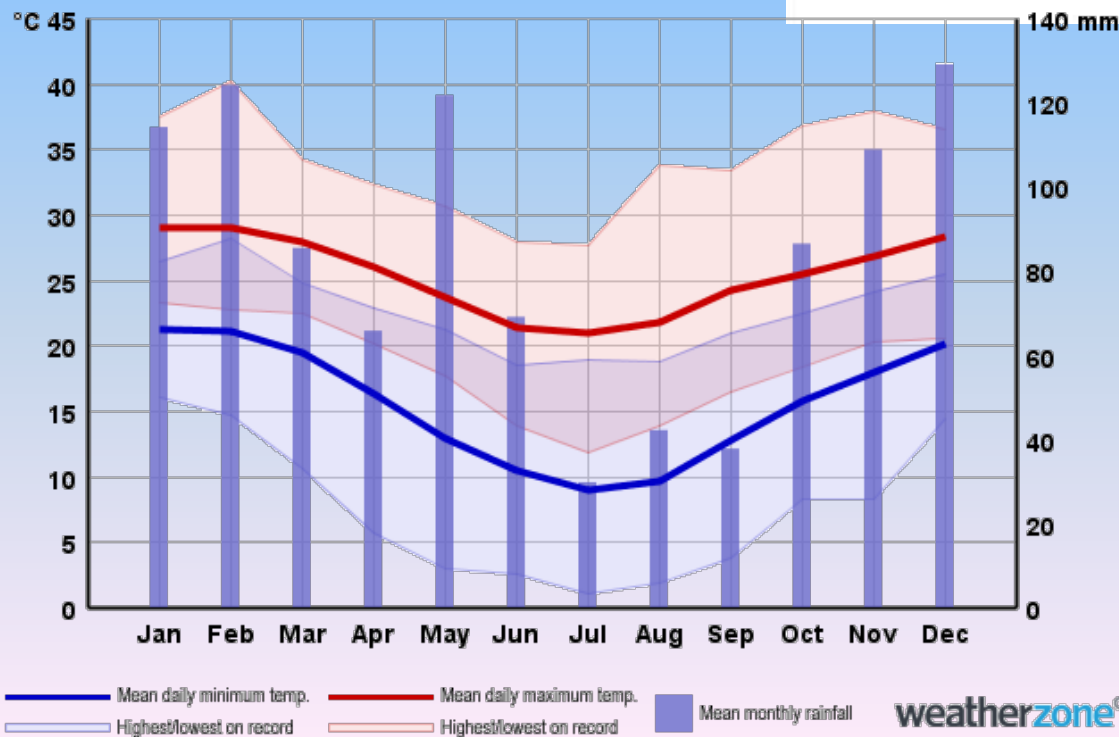




BRISBANE AERO



BRISBANE - RIVER CITY
QUEENSLAND AUSTRALIA



The population of Brisbane is 2,150,000

Brisbane has a sub-tropical climate with high rainfall during summer. The maximum temperatures are mild to hot throughout the year.



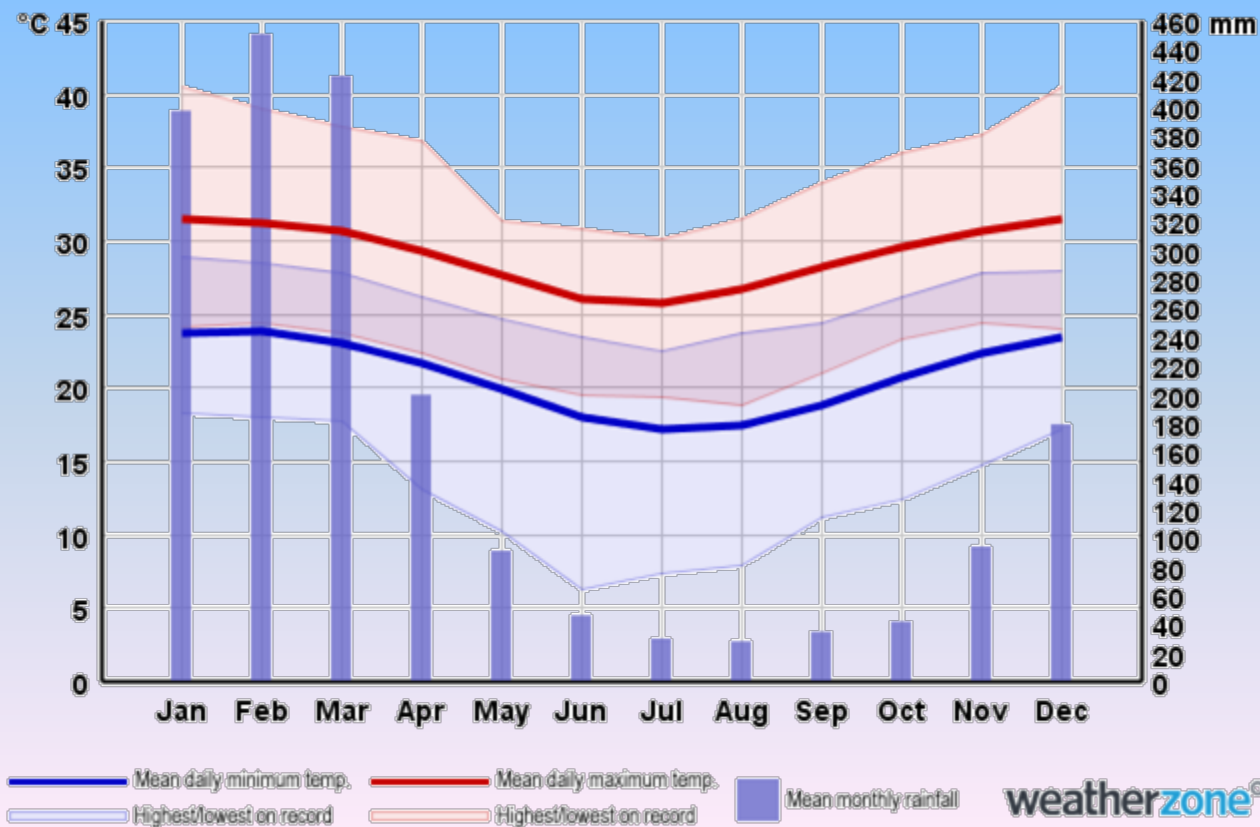
CAIRNS AERO



Cairns Australia

The population of Cairns is 148,000

Cairns is also in the tropics. The very high rainfall sustain the tropical rainforests and the temperatures are hot throughout the year.



New South Wales



New South Wales is Australia's oldest and most populous State. It accounts for 10% percent of the total land area of Australia.



The Blue Mountains are west of Sydney.



Broadacre farming is a large industry in Western NSW.

NSW is known for its great beaches and every New Year there is a spectacular fireworks display over Sydney Harbour.





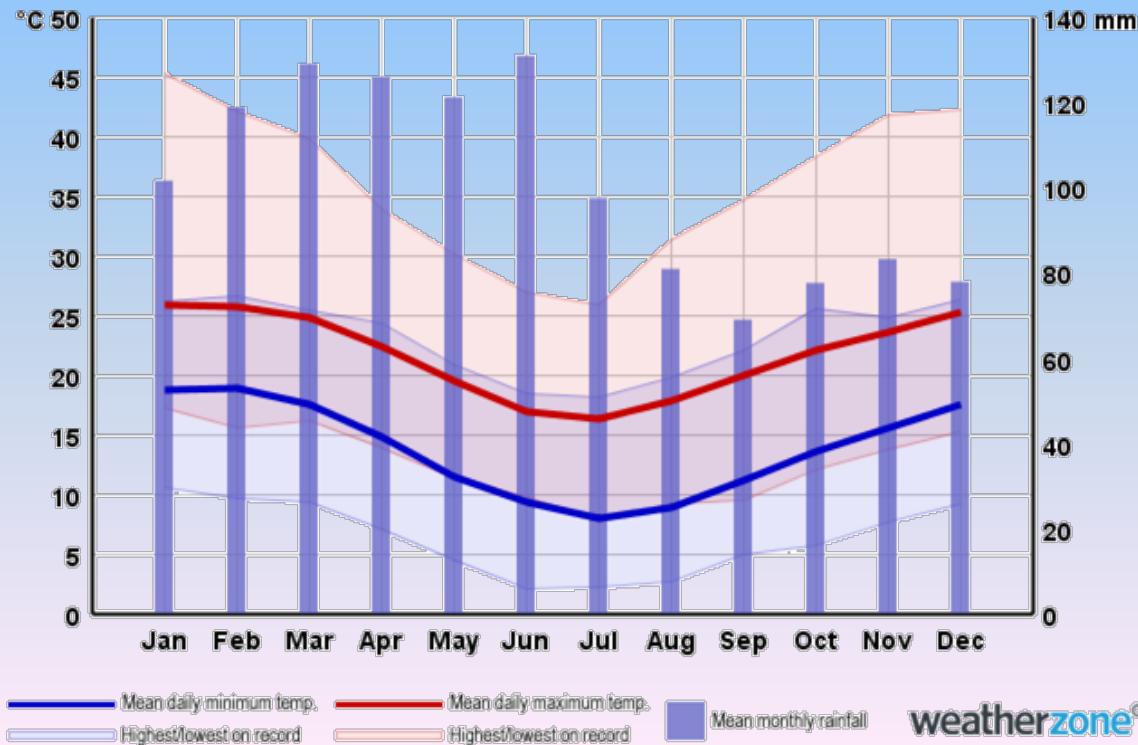
The floral emblem of NSW is the Waratah.





SYDNEY (OBSERVATORY HILL)

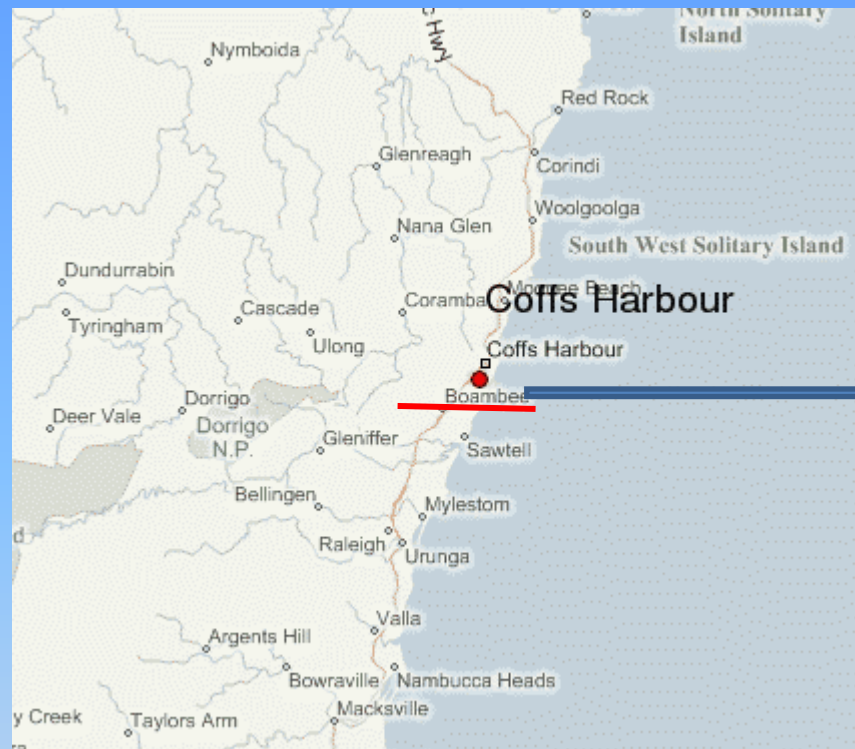
Population of Sydney:
4,610,000



Sydney has a warm climate during summer and a cold winter. The heaviest rain occurs during Summer, Autumn and early Winter.



Boambee is 8kms
south of Coffs Harbour



Boambee

Boambee is 525kms north of Sydney

Boambee is 400kms south of Brisbane

Boambee Headland and Boambee Creek



Boambee Headland looks out over the ocean on the east coast of Australia. Boambee is on the mid-north coast of New South Wales (NSW). Boambee Creek runs out to the ocean at Boambee.





A lot of people live on properties in the valleys about 6kms west from the coast.



BONGIL BONGIL NATIONAL PARK



The Bongil Bongil National Park is about 6kms south of Boambee Public School.



The Big Banana is a famous landmark and it was constructed 40 years ago.

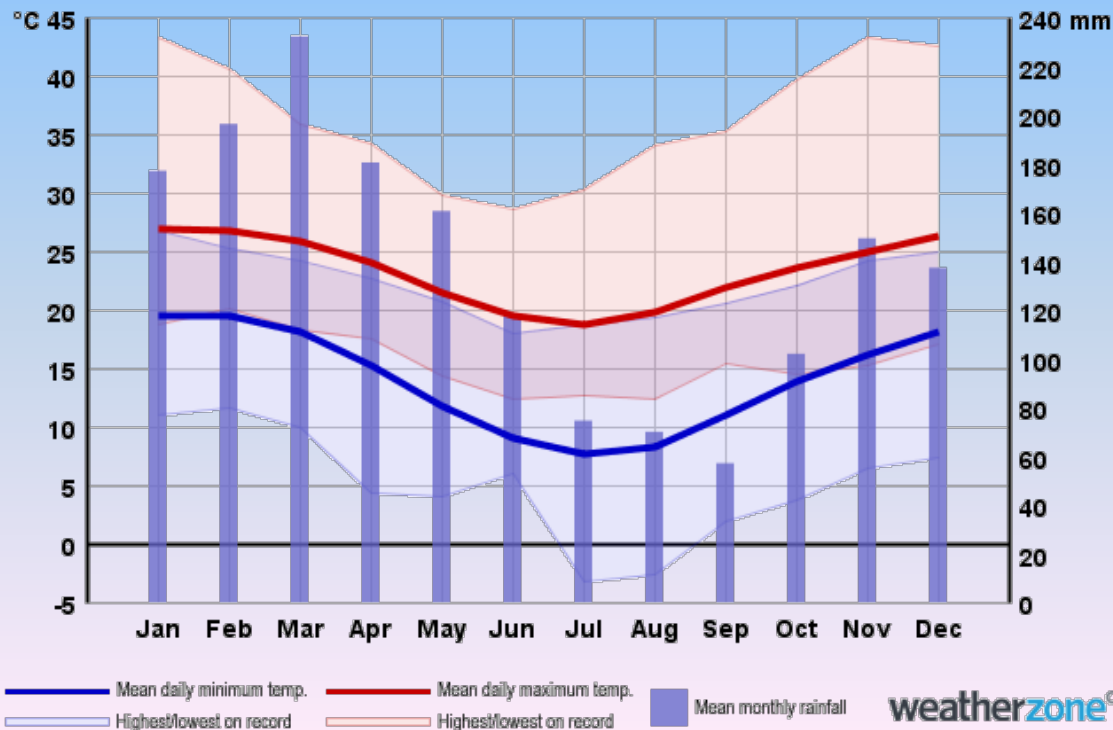
There are fun things to do there such as ice skating, water sliding and tobogganing.





The current Population of Coffs Harbour is 71,800.

COFFS HARBOUR MO



In Coffs Harbour and Boambee the maximum daytime temperatures are mild to hot throughout the year with nights becoming cold during winter. Most of the rain falls during Summer and Autumn.

Boambee Public School



This is a Google map image of Boambee Public School.

Pictures of our School

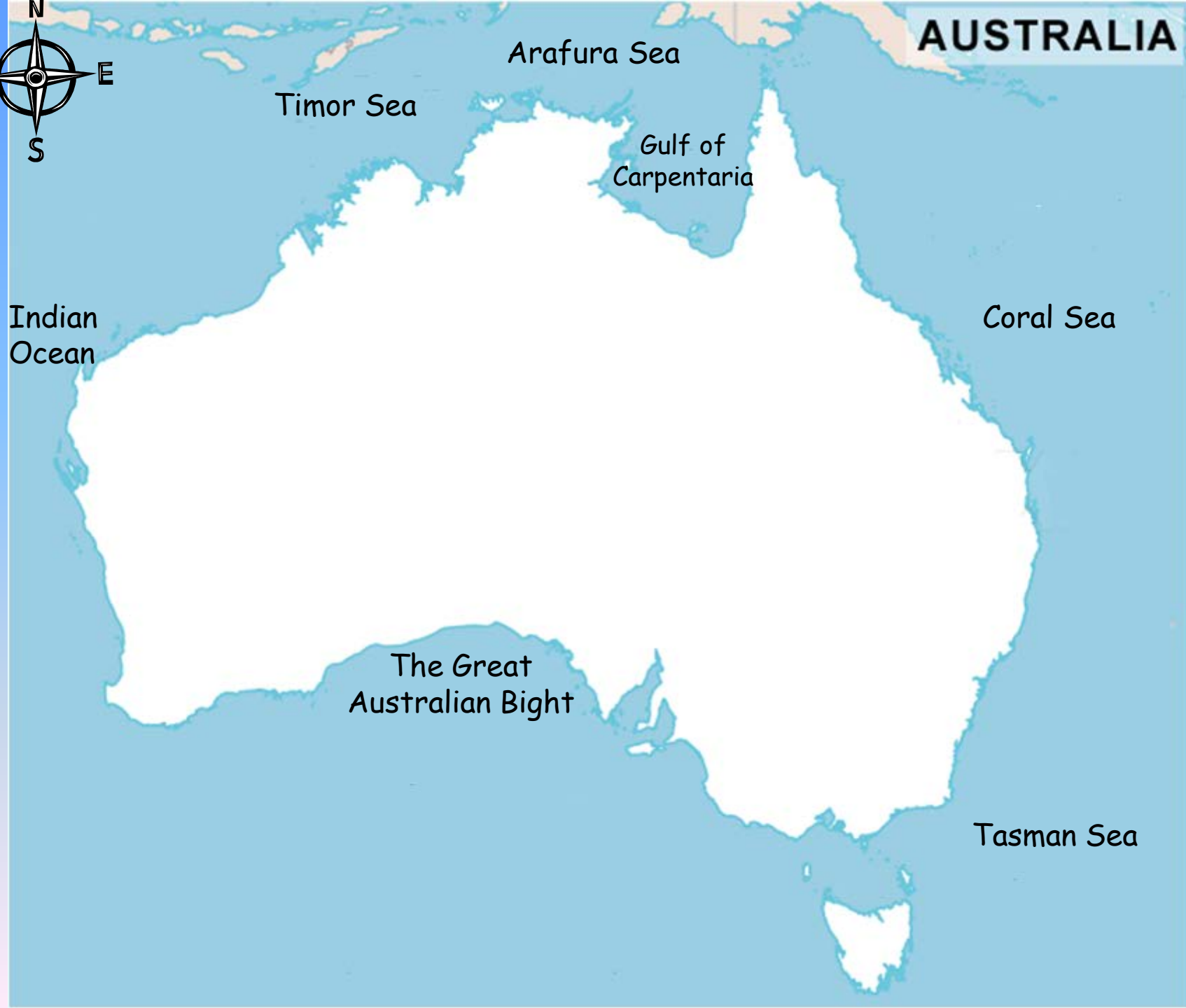
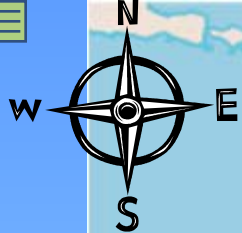


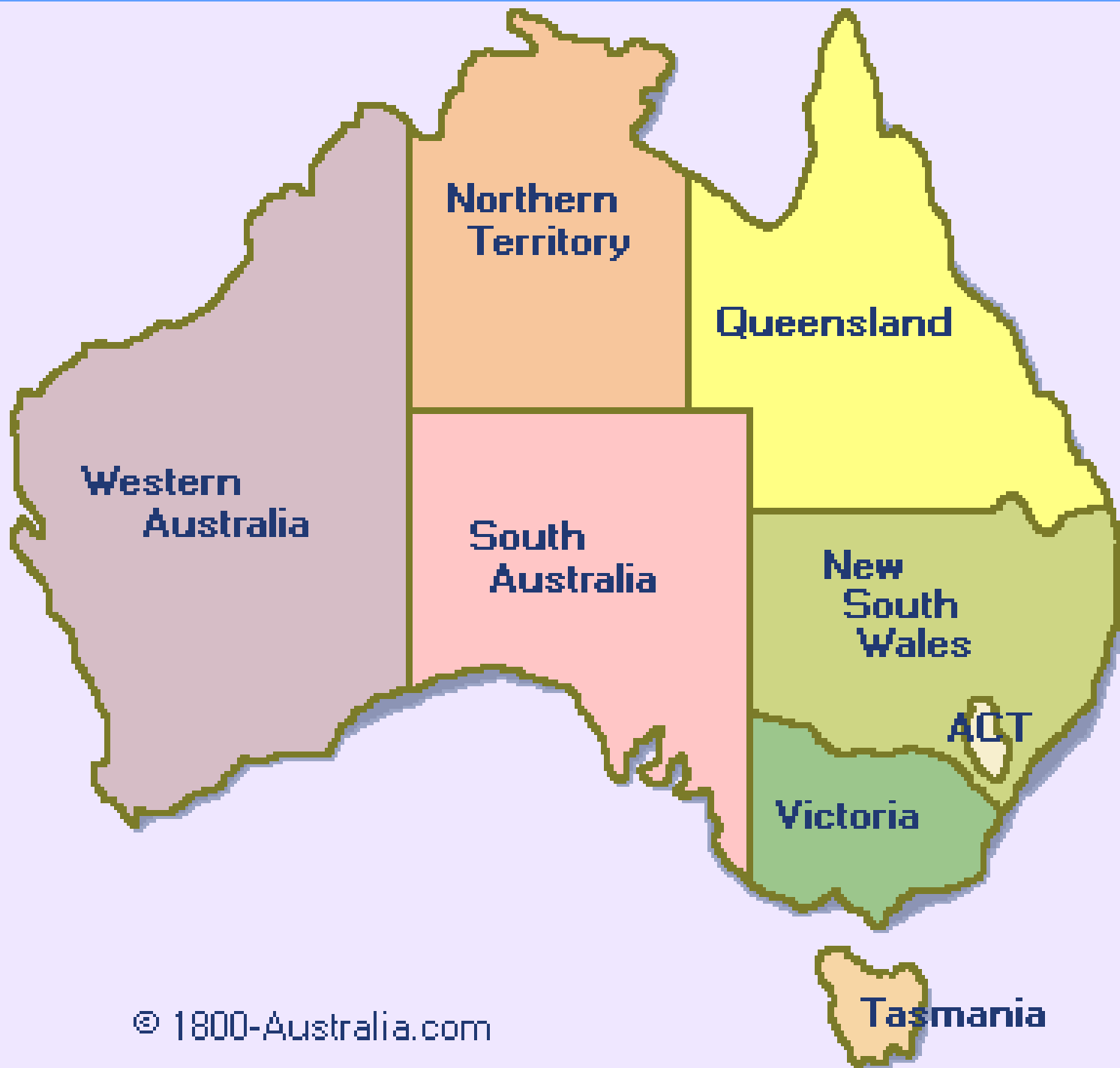


Activity

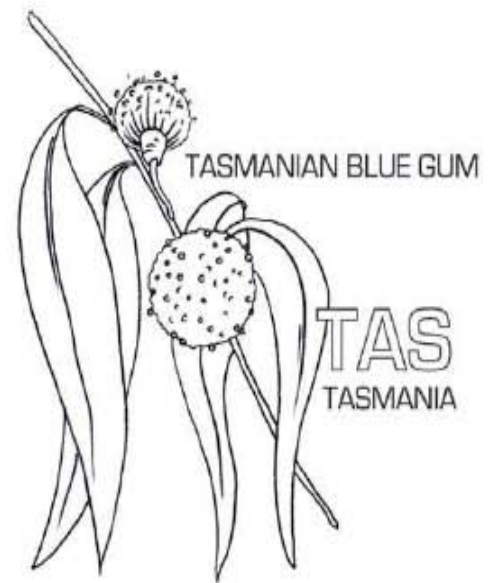
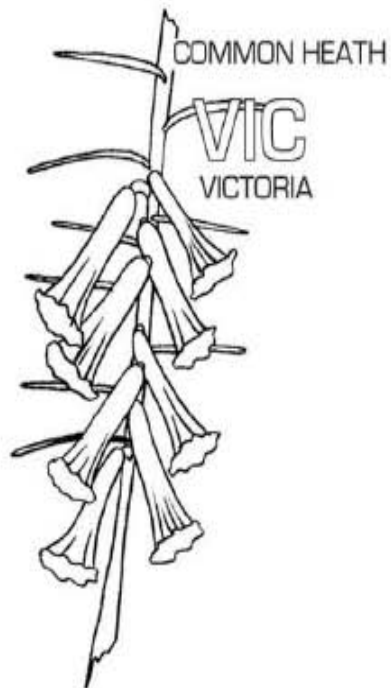
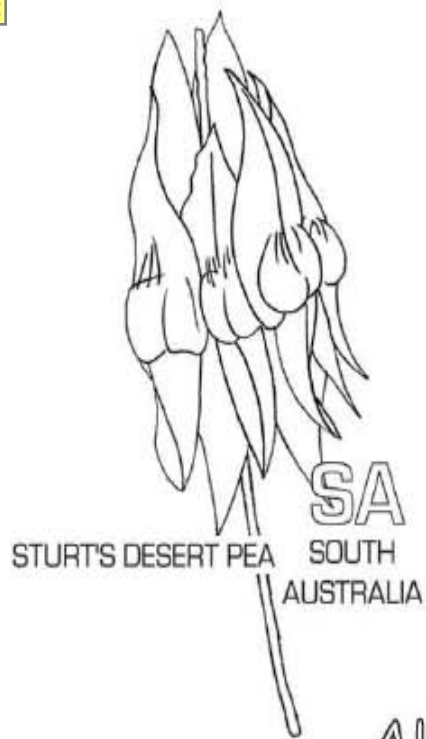
You will need

- a blank map of Australia
- A pencil
- Something to lean on

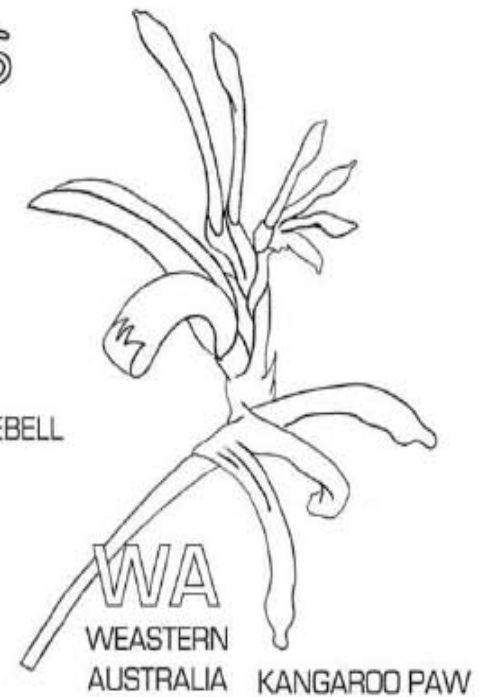
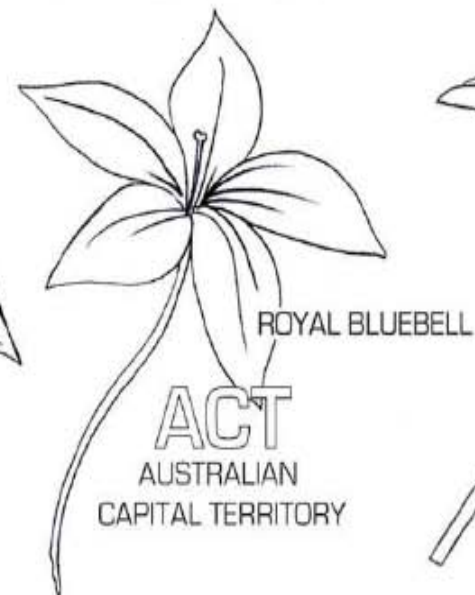
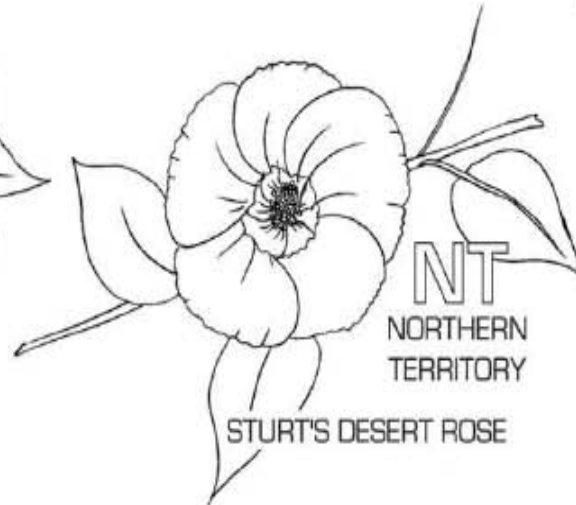








AUSTRALIAN FLORAL EMBLEMS



Floral Emblems of Australia



The Australian Biological Resources Study (ABRS) supports research and publication in the taxonomy, biogeography, ecology, biology and conservation of Australia's biodiversity.



ABRS and ABRS are part of the Department of the Environment and Heritage, the Commonwealth Department of the Environment and Heritage.

The Australian Botanical Resources Study (ABRS) is the national authority for botanical research, located in Canberra. The mission of the Centre is to promote and provide botanical research.



Thank you

**We are looking forward to
learning about South
Korea**

**Anyang city and Anyang
Shingi PS on the 1st May.**